July 2016



Employer Market

HEALTHCARE
REFORM
& PRIVATE
EXCHANGES

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INTRODUCTION

The 6th annual Employer Healthcare Reform and Private Exchanges report details the impact of ACA on employer health and pharmacy benefit offerings, plans and priorities. It features a comprehensive private exchange overview, including employer interest and adoption for active employees and retirees.

Key Report Topics Include:

- Current and future plans for provision of active, pre-65 and post-65 retiree healthcare benefits for years 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019 and 2020
- Impact of ACA on Rx and medical benefit strategies, offerings, costs and cost sharing
- · Preparations for and impact of the Cadillac excise tax
- · Employer decision making factors related to evaluation and adoption of private exchanges
- · Private exchange outcomes and participating employers
- · Differentiation among major benefit consultant-run private exchange operators

Findings include results from a survey of 106 jumbo employers (5,000+ employees) and 52 non-jumbo employers (50-4,999 employees) fielded in February/March 2016. Respondents were key decision makers within their organization including VPs and Directors of Benefits and Corporate Medical Directors. Further qualitative insights were gathered via interviews with employers and private exchange operators.

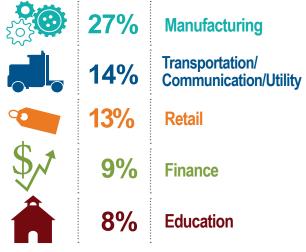
We encourage you to contact Sarah Daley, Research Director, at 314-968-0011 x 203 or sarah daley@ajg.com with questions and comments as you review the report or to schedule a presentation of findings.

Jumbo Employer Participant Panel

106 SURVEYS | 11 INTERVIEWS | 3.7 MILLION COVERED U.S. LIVES



INDUSTRY



- **7%** Service
- 5% Healthcare
- 4% State/Local Government
- **4%** Technology
- 9% Other*

*Other includes: Agriculture, Energy, Fire/Security, Gaming/ Hospitality, Media/Entertainment, Professional Services

EMPLOYER RESPONDENT ORGANIZATIONAL POSITION



39%Director of Benefits



25%
Benefits
Manager



22%VP of Benefits

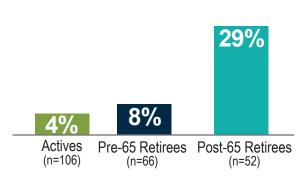


10% Corporate Med. Dir

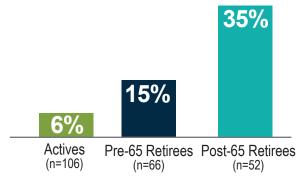


4%
Benefits
Analyst

CURRENT PARTICIPATION IN A PRIVATE EXCHANGE



PROJECTED PARTICIPATION IN A PRIVATE EXCHANGE BY 2017



See Appendix for information on non-jumbo employer respondents.

Cadillac Tax

The so called "Cadillac tax" is a 40% excise tax that is applied to health insurance costs exceeding \$10,200 for single and \$27,500 for family coverage. The limits for pre-65 retirees are slightly higher—\$11,850 for single and \$30,950 for family coverage. Initially slated to take effect in 2018, the U.S. Congress passed a two-year postponement of the tax, now scheduled to be implemented in 2020. The threshold values will be updated prior to implementation and indexed for inflation in subsequent years.

The tax calculation includes:

- · Annual insurance premiums paid by both the employer and employee
- Health savings account (HSA) and flexible spending account (FSA) contributions from the employer and pre-tax contributions from the employee
- Employer contributions to a health reimbursement arrangement (HRA)
- Cost of care received through employer on-site medical clinics providing more than de minimis care (benefit is too small to reasonably account for)
- · Executive physicals

Pushing Back on HSA & FSA Cadillac Tax Rules

There is a movement underway, driven by a number of employer groups (including SHRM, American Bankers Association, ERIC and Business Roundtable) to exclude employee contributions to HSAs and FSAs from the Cadillac tax calculation. One reason cited is that employers have no control over employee contributions to these accounts, and employees can take them with them if they switch companies.

These groups fear that if employee contributions to HSAs and FSAs are counted toward the taxable value of plans, employers will stop offering and promoting them, leaving employees with high deductibles and no savings. The U.S. Treasury Department has pushed back, saying that this exclusion would require a statutory change to ACA, but employer groups have contended that the IRS can issue regulations without a change in the law.

In <u>March of 2016</u>, Representative Charles Boustany (R-LA) introduced the Health Savings Protection Act (H.R. 4832). By amending current tax code, this bill calls for the exemption of contributions to HSAs and FSAs when measuring value of employer-sponsored health benefits against the excise tax threshold. As of May 2016, there was bipartisan support offered by two cosponsors of the bill.

Employers' Approach to the Cadillac Tax

Employers were asked to describe their approach to the Cadillac excise tax (Figure 17). Similar to last year, the majority of employers will reduce their benefit offerings to avoid the Cadillac tax completely (56% this year, 60% last year). Thirty-seven percent of respondents (compared to 30% in 2015) will reduce benefits to minimize the amount of Cadillac tax for which their organization is responsible. Similar to last year, 8% of respondents (vs. 10% in 2015) indicated that their organization will continue their current offerings, and triggering the excise tax does not impact their decision making.

Figure 17: Employers' Approach to the Cadillac Excise Tax



n=106 Jumbo Employers
Source: Benfield, a division of Gallagher Benefit Services, Inc. 2016 Healthcare Reform & Private Exchanges.

"If the Cadillac provision stays and it does kick in in 2020, it will significantly impact us because we have a very robust executive medical plan, and we have plan offerings right now that before adjusting for trend will bump right up against that trigger point. If that happens, that's going to cause a major change. Although, if you're looking at what's going on politically it's really an open question on whether that's going to even survive." – **Benefits Manager, Employer**

"Most employers are already looking for how we can cut back, and some of us did in '16 because nothing was happening with appeal or delay at the time plan design decisions were made." – VP of Global Benefits, Employer

I. PRIVATE EXCHANGE LANDSCAPE

This section begins with a look at private exchange market share and annual adoption projections. Then, we present findings specific to outcomes-to-date and differentiation among private exchange operators.

Employer Adoption Projections by Year

Figure 36 illustrates the percentage of employer respondents using or seriously considering a private exchange for active employees. Non-jumbo (50-4,999 employees) and jumbo (5,000+ employees) employers have different patterns in their plans for private exchange adoption.

Non-Jumbo: A modest but growing number of non-jumbo employers are using a private exchange in 2016 (8%, up from 6% in 2015 and 0% in 2014). Those planning or seriously considering a private exchange between 2017 and 2020 tops out at 15%. This is a decline in interest from last year's projections of 32% seriously considering a private exchange by 2018.

Jumbo: Just 4% of jumbo employers currently use a private exchange for actives. However, serious consideration jumps substantially between 2017 and 2020. Only 6% are considering a private exchange for 2017, but the number grows to 23% by 2020.

Arthur J. Gallagher's 2016 Benefits Strategy & Benchmarking Survey of employers found greatest current and projected private exchange uptake among small employers:

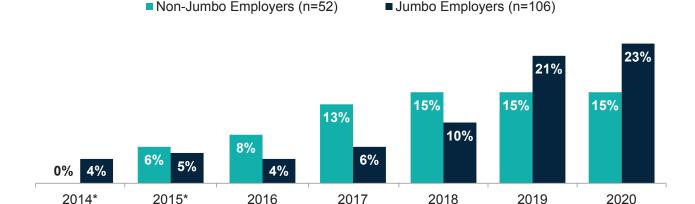
Private Exchange Utilization:
Current & Planned (within 2 years)

- Under 100 employees: 5% Current, +7% Planned
- 100-499 employees: 3% Current, +11% Planned
- 500-999 employees: 3% Current, +8% Planned
- 1,000+ employees: 1% Current, +6% Planned

OVERALL: 4% Current, +9% Planned

n=2324 Employers
Source: Arthur J. Gallagher & Co.

Figure 36: Employers Utilizing or Seriously Considering Utilization of Private Exchanges for Active Employees



2014-2016 percentages reflect actual enrollment

*Non-Jumbo Employers: 2014 n=115; 2015 n=50; Jumbo Employers: 2014 & 2015 n=111

Key: Non-Jumbo Employer=50-4,999 employees; Jumbo Employer=5,000+ employees

Source: Benfield, a division of Gallagher Benefit Services, Inc. 2016 Healthcare Reform & Private Exchanges